Studies In Romans

## (Romans 14:10-15)

- In regard to these liberties, were they judging one another wrongfully? Yes: "<u>But why dost thou judge thy brother? or why dost thou set at nought thy</u> <u>brother?</u> for we shall all stand before the judgment seat of Christ" (Romans 14:10).
  - Again, as we saw in **Romans 14:4**, we cannot judge one another regarding authorized liberties (**Colossians 2:12-17**).
  - Meats do not matter to God (I Corinthians 8:8 and Hebrews 13:9).

2. While we cannot judge our brethren in regard to authorized liberties, are there ever times wherein we must judge one another?

- If causing another to stumble (Romans 14:13).
- Sin against one another (Matthew 18:15-17 and Luke 17:3-4)...
- Disciplinary action (I Corinthians 5:1-13 and II Thessalonians 3:6-15).
- Regarding what one is teaching (Romans 16:17-18, I Corinthians 10:15, I Corinthians 11:13-15, I Timothy 1:19-20, I Timothy 6:3-5, II Timothy 2:14-18, and I John 4:1-5).
- Civil matters (I Corinthians 6:1-8).
- When trying to restore the erring (Galatians 6:1-2 and James 5:19-20).
- When a brother or sister is a source of division (Galatians 2:10-17, Il Timothy 4:14-17, Titus 3:9-11, and Ill John 9-11).
- When deciding to help a brother or sister in need (I Corinthians 16:1-4, II Thessalonians 3:10, and I Timothy 5:3-16).
- When counting a brother faithful (Philippians 3:16-17).
- Self-examination (I Corinthians 4:3, I Corinthians 11:27-32, and II Corinthians 13:5).
- We must judge RIGHTEOUS judgment (John 7:24 and John 8:15).
- 3. Whose judgment seat will we stand before in the Judgment? Christ's: *"But why dost thou judge thy brother? or why dost thou set at nought thy brother? for we shall all stand before the judgment seat of Christ"* (Romans 14:10).
  - Matthew 25:31-34, John 5:22, Acts 10:38-42, and II Corinthians 5:10.
- 4. How many will bow to Jesus during the Judgment?

Every knee: "For it is written, As I live, saith the Lord, every knee shall bow to me, and every tongue shall confess to God" (Romans 14:11).

• Philippians 2:10-11.

- 5. Will we have to give an account of our actions in the Judgment? Yes: "So then every one of us shall give account of himself to God" (Romans 14:12).
  - Ecclesiastes 12:13-14, John 5:28-29, Acts 17:30-31, Il Corinthians 5:10, and Il Timothy 4:1.
- 6. What should you not put in your brother's way?

A stumblingblock or occasion to fall: "Let us not therefore judge one another any more:but judge this rather, that no man put a stumblingblock or an occasion to fall in his brother's way" (Romans 14:13).

- I Corinthians 8:9-13, I Corinthians 10:27-33, and II Corinthians 6:1-4.
- That does not mean that you don't point out when a brother is falling (Matthew 16:21-23, Acts 8:13-24, I Timothy 5:20, and Titus 1:13).
- The truth is, sometimes the right action will be offensive to sinful people (Matthew 13:54-57).

7. Though nothing is unclean, contextually in regard to meats, what if someone is not convinced of that in his or her own mind?

For them it is unclean: *"I know, and am persuaded by the Lord Jesus, that there is nothing unclean of itself: but to him that esteemeth any thing to be unclean, to him it is unclean"* (**Romans 14:14**).

- Nothing unclean (Acts 10:9-16 and I Timothy 4:1-5; cf. Titus 1:15).
- Be persuaded before you act (Romans 14:23).
- 8. What if a brother is grieved by you eating certain meats?

Don't destroy him with your eating that certain meat: *"But if thy brother be grieved with thy meat, now walkest thou not charitably. Destroy not him with thy meat, for whom Christ died"* (Romans 14:15).

- Back to what we discussed in **Romans 14:13**. Don't cause thy brother to fall over an authorized liberty.
- Be loving enough to be concerned about your brother's conscience (Romans 12:10 and Galatians 5:13).
- Don't destroy him (Malachi 2:8-9 and Matthew 18:6-7).