## Is Thine Eye Evil?

## I. Introduction:

- A. The first time the phrase "evil eye" appears in the KJV is in (**Deuteronomy** 15:9).
  - 1. The context, under Moses' Law, was about the conditional release of debts of their brethren after seven years and the help of the poor in those days (**Deuteronomy 15:1-11**).
  - 2. They should have helped their poor brethren (**Leviticus 25:35-38**) without allowing that evil eye to arise and make excuses.
- B. Solomon wrote about an "evil eye" (Proverbs 28:22).
  - 1. That evil eye as it is tied to a covetous [people eager of gain] person (**Proverbs 23:1-8**).
  - 2. The opposite would be the bountiful eye (**Proverbs 22:9**).
  - 3. As this lesson develops, take note of how all of these things come together.
- II. Body: Notice The Question Of Our Lesson In Its Original Context (**Matthew 19:27-20:16**).
  - A. In this parable, all agreed to a certain wage for their work and they should have been content with that (**Luke 3:12-14**).
    - 1. What business had they in comparing their own and other people's wages (I Thessalonians 4:11-12 and I Peter 4:15)?
    - 2. What's right about looking everywhere (**Proverbs 17:24**), judging other people (**II Samuel 12:1-15**), and not looking properly at yourself (**Lamentations 3:40** and **Revelation 3:14-19**)?
    - 3. This is certainly a spiritual lesson and it connects the mindset of covetousness and carnal lusts (**Hebrews 13:5-6** and **Jude 1:16**).
  - B. Consider the "evil eye" a little bit more...
    - 1. It starts with the heart and defiles the person (Mark 7:20-23).
    - 2. It will make you full of darkness (Luke 11:33-36).
  - C. Now looking to ourselves (Psalms 77:6 and I Corinthians 11:31-32).
    - 1. Asking: "Is my eye evil" (Matthew 6:19-34)?
    - 2. What moves you to look at things certain ways (**Psalms 119:104-105** or **Luke 16:14-15**)?
    - 3. How can you readjust how you see things (**Proverbs 2:1-20**)?
- III. Conclusion: How do you look at things (Psalms 36:1-4 or Psalms 119:113)?