He That Covereth A Transgression

I. Introduction:

A. The Scriptures speak of exposing transgression (Isaiah 58:1).

1. Reproving [admonish; rebuke (Strong's # 1651] rather than having fellowship with (**Ephesians 5:11**).

2. Even to the point of sharp rebukes (Titus 1:11-14).

B. The Scriptures also speak of every transgression receiving a just recompense of reward (**Hebrews 2:1-3**).

1. Every work was and will be brought into judgment (Ecclesiastes 12:14 and II Corinthians 5:10).

2. So, some people try to hide those sins (**Genesis 3:1-12**, **Joshua 7:1-26**, **Job 31:33**, and **Acts 5:1-11**).

3. Is possible to conceal something from God (**Isaiah 29:15** and **Jeremiah 23:24**; cf. **Proverbs 15:3**)?

4. So, with all of that ground covered...

II. Body: What is meant in the teaching of Proverbs 17:9?

A. A covered sin is biblically defined as a forgiven sin (**Psalms 85:2** and **Romans 4:7-8**).

1. God has, in both covenants, placed conditions on the forgiveness of sins (II Chronicles 7:14, Luke 13:1-5, and Acts 3:19).

2. We understand that forgiveness is made possible through the blood of Christ (**Colossians 1:12-14**).

3. So, what is meant in Proverbs 17:9?

B. It cannot mean that one should try to hide his own or someone else's sins in some dishonest, cover-up (**Proverbs 28:13** and **I John 1:9**).

1. The language in **Proverbs 17:9** gives the ability to cover a transgression into the hands of men. So, what can that consistently mean? Consider: **Matthew 18:15-35** and **I Corinthians 6:1-8**.

2. The point about repeating sins separating friends (Proverbs 16:28).

3. The willingness to help another through forgiveness is an act of love (**Proverbs 10:12** and **I Peter 4:8**)?

4. What sins do you or I have the ability to forgive, to cover (Luke 17:1-4)?

5. Remember, our forgiveness has to be patterned after the Lord's forgiveness (**Ephesians 4:32** and **Colossians 3:12-13**).

C. How can someone help another properly cover a sin against God (**James 5:19-20**)?

1. Make sure you're in a position to help (**Matthew 7:1-5** and **John 8:1-11**).

2. Understand the approaches to use (Jude 1:22-23).

3. Know the difference between someone who has basically slipped into sin (**Galatians 6:1-2**) and someone you have to deal with differently who is less than willing to repent (i.e. **Titus 3:9-11**).

4. Having the goal to bring about true restoration. Never give a false sense of security to someone lost (**Jeremiah 23:13-14**).

III. Conclusion: Psalms 32:1