I Peter 1:18-20

Redemption Through The Blood Of Christ Was The Plan All Along

I. Introduction:

- A. Even of old, it was taught and known that redemption came from the Lord (Psalms 130:7, Isaiah 47:4, Isaiah 54:5, and Isaiah 63:16).
 - 1. However, the means by which redemption of old occurred was often through corruptible things (**Numbers 3:40-51**).
 - 2. There was not a sense, under the Old Law, that anyone was truly redeemed. We see that through the words of Zacharias after the birth of his son John (**Luke 1:67-75**).
- B. So, what does the word "redeemed" mean? The Greek word in the text we are studying is " $\lambda u \tau \rho \delta \omega$ " which is defined as: "1) to release on receipt of ransom; 2) to redeem, liberate by payment of ransom; 2a) to liberate; 2b) to cause to be released to one's self by payment of a ransom; 2c) to redeem; 2d) to deliver: from evils of every kind, internal and external" (Thayer's Greek-English Lexicon; Strong's # 3084).
 - 1. Israel looked for the Messiah to bring redemption (Luke 24:13-27).
 - 2. Jesus was/is the redeemer (Titus 2:11-14).
- II. Body: "Forasmuch as ye know that ye were not redeemed with corruptible things, as silver and gold, from your vain conversation received by tradition from your fathers; But with the precious blood of Christ, as of a lamb without blemish and without spot: Who verily was foreordained before the foundation of the world, but was manifest in these last times for you" (I Peter 1:18-20).
 - A. Why do we need redemption?
 - 1. When you think about the need to be redeemed think about slavery (**Leviticus 25:47-55**).
 - 2. With Israel, they were redeemed from bondage in Egypt (**Deuteronomy** 7:8; 15:15).
 - 3. Later out of captivity (Isaiah 48:20, Jeremiah 15:21; 50:34, and Micah 4:10).
 - 4. However, all who have sinned are/were still under bondage (**John 8:34**).
 - a. In general, slaves to sin (Romans 6:12-20).
 - b. Both Jew and Gentile of the past (Romans 3:9).
 - c. Israel, under the bondage of the Law of Moses (Galatians 3:13:
 - 4:1-7), from which they could not be justified (Acts 13:38-39).
 - d. There was no source of ransom under the Old Law that could bring about the remission of sins (**Hebrews 10:1-4**).
 - 5. Thus, we see pleas for redemption throughout the Prophets and Psalms (**Psalms 44:26** and **Isaiah 1:27**).

- B. Christians <u>know</u> that our redemption cannot come through wealth or other corruptible means (**Psalms 49:6-13** and **Hebrews 9:11-15**).
 - 1. Redemption is in Christ (I Corinthians 1:30).
 - 2. For both Jews and Gentiles (Romans 3:24-30).
- C. Redeemed from the vain conversation by the tradition of their fathers. Remember, the reputation of Gentiles in the past (I Thessalonians 4:5).
 - 1. A reputation of ignorance and sinful behavior (**Ephesians 4:17-19**).
 - 2. A people of idolatry (I Corinthians 12:2).
 - 3. As later reminded of in this letter (I Peter 4:3-5).
- D. Christ, through His blood, was the spotless; without blemish sacrifice (I Peter 2:21-23 and I Peter 3:18).
 - 1. Such was the requirements even of old concerning a lamb to be offered (**Leviticus 4:32** and **Numbers 28:1-3**).
 - a. In the New Testament, without spot wasn't a fleshly; physical factor (I Timothy 6:14, James 1:27, and II Peter 3:14).
 - b. The same is true of being spotless (**Ephesians 5:27**).
 - 2. Knowing there was a costly price (Matthew 20:28, I Corinthians 6:20, and Colossians 1:12-14).
 - 3. Through His blood there is more than redemption (**Acts 20:28**, **Colossians 1:20**, **Hebrews 13:12**, **Hebrews 13:20**, **Revelation 1:5**, etc.).
- E. The plan was before the foundation of the world (**Titus 1:1-3**).
 - 1. As we discussed earlier in this letter, it was the plan but was not known by those who wrote it (I Peter 1:10-12; cf. Romans 16:25-26).
 - 2. Again, this is just repeating the fact that God foreknew and planned a way to bring back those lost who want to be saved including Gentiles (**Ephesians 3:5-11**).
- F. Made known in these last times; days (**Hebrews 1:1-2**).
 - 1. The first century began the last times (I John 2:18).
 - 2. We discussed this earlier in this chapter (I Peter 1:5).
- III. Conclusion: Our next study: "Who by him do believe in God, that raised him up from the dead, and gave him glory; that your faith and hope might be in God" (I Peter 1:21).