For If Ye Do These Things Ye Shall Never Fall

(Part 10)

I. Introduction:

- A. In our last lesson we discussed brotherly kindness [love] (I Peter 3:8).
 - 1. We learned that brotherly love was not an emotion or sentiment, but rather proper action towards one another (**Galatians 5:13**).
 - 2. Such love is required of us whom are saints (II John 1:5-6).
- B. Love [charity] isn't just action though, for actions can be done without love being the motivator behind them (**Luke 11:39-42**).
 - 1. Even <u>proper works</u> that seem to be done because of love, can be loveless works (**Revelation 2:1-7**).
 - 2. The right actions, with the proper motives, need to be tested to be sure we are doing the right things for the right reason (**II Corinthians 8:1-15**).
- II. Body: And to brotherly kindness charity (II Peter 1:7).
 - A. There are several different Greek words that are translated "charity" or "love" in the New Testament KJV. The word translated "charity" [ἀ γ άπη; pronounced agapē] is rather broad and means the following: "(1) brotherly love, affection, good will, love, benevolence; 2) love feasts" (Thayer's Lexicon; Strong's # 26). This terms appears 116 in the Greek N.T. Mostly translated as "love" [86 x's] and "charity" [27 x's].
 - 1. We cannot grow in "feasts of charity" (Jude 1:12).
 - a. After much study, I have to say that I really do not know what "feasts of charity" were.
 - b. I know it was not a time where the local church assembled for social meals, for that would have been an error (I Corinthians 11:16-34). Social meals are not a collective function of the saints (Romans 14:17).
 - c. Was it another term for the Lord's Supper? I don't know.
 - d. Was it a social gathering at a brother's home (I Peter 4:9)? I don't know.
 - e. To guess or assume would be to err (**Romans 14:23** [cf. **Romans 10:17**] and **I Thessalonians 5:21**).
 - 2. We have already discussed "brotherly love" in the previous statement of this context (**II Peter 1:7**). So we know the context is not talking about that as it did in the previous point.
 - 3. By deduction, we are left with learning about growing in affection, good will, and being benevolent [kind] in general (Luke 6:27-36, Galatians 6:10, I Thessalonians 3:12, I Peter 3:10-11, and III John 1:1-7).
 - 4. Obedience is required for us to be in the love of God (John 15:9-10).
 - B. Let's consider how great charity [love] is and how charity is the proper motivator for our good works (I Corinthians 12:28-13:13).

- 1. Doing good for God requires affectionate love, love of doing good for God (I John 5:1-3).
- 2. Doing good for brethren requires love of doing good will for our brethren (I Samuel 18:1-4; 20:30-42).
- 3. Doing good for our neighbors [cf. Luke 10:25-37] requires the love of doing good will for them (Romans 13:8-10).
- 4. As disciples of Christ, we are to be rooted and grounded in this type of love (**Ephesians 3:17-19**).
- C. Love has to be without hypocrisy (Romans 12:9).
 - 1. Consider the contrast of love for the world and love for our Heavenly Father (I John 2:15-17).
 - 2. Iniquity causes love to grow cold (Matthew 24:12).
 - 3. Real love has to come from a pure heart (I Timothy 1:5 and II Timothy 2:22).
 - 4. Thus, if your love is being muted by sin and you are a hypocrite, repent so that you're relationship with God can be restored (**James 4:6-10**).
- III. Conclusion: "(13) Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit you like men, be strong. (14) Let all your things be done with charity" (I Corinthians 16:13-14).